

به نام خدا

لغات کاربردی قسمت آموزش‌های رایگان سایت "گروه باران"

Collocations:

Word partnerships or words that are commonly used together by native speakers.

Word + Word = Collocation

Law:

A **system of rules** that people are supposed to follow in a society or country.

The **courts** and **police** enforce this system of rules and punish people who **break the law**.

Civil law:

Part of the law that deals with disagreements between private individuals.

Legislation:

Laws created by the government.

Common law:

Laws based on previous legal decisions and tradition.

Criminal law:

Criminal law is a system of law concerned with **crimes** and the **punishment of criminals**.

Most criminal law is based on **government legislation**

Contract law:

Contract law sets rules on agreements to buy and sell items and services.

Property law:

Property law states the rights and obligations that a person has when they buy, sell or rent homes and buildings.

Trust law:

Trust law sets out the rules for money that is put into an investment, such as pension funds.

Tort law:

Tort law helps people to make claims for compensation when someone hurts them or their property.

Administrative law:

Administrative law is used by citizens when they want to challenge government decisions.

International law:

International law is used to set out rules on how countries interact in areas such as trade, environment or war.

Lawyer:

USA = Attorney

UK = Solicitor

Trial lawyer:

USA = Counsel

UK = Barrister

Defence lawyer:

(defence BrE)

The lawyer that represent the person accused of a crime

Prosecution lawyer:

The lawyer that represents the government side.

Case:

The lawyer that represents the government side.

Court case:

A case that will be heard in court.

Criminal case:

A case involving a criminal act.

Civil case:

A case under civil law.

Bring a case (against somebody)

To file charges against another person.

Defend a case:

To try to prove that the accused is innocent.

Consider a case:

To hear the defence and prosecution arguments and reach a decision.

Hear a case:

(Same meaning as to consider a case.)

Handle a case:

To be in charge of representing either side.

Prosecute a case:

When the prosecution decides to press charges and asks a court to hear the case.

Dismiss a case:

To end a case without reaching a verdict.

Settle a case:

To reach an agreement without finishing the trial.

Drop a case:

To Decide not to prosecute a case.